Cellular Respiration

Where is energy stored? Need to take that energy and make _______ this process of breaking down glucose is a ______reaction which means: Photosynthesis is not catabolic it is ______ which means: Redox Reactions Recap:

Overview: Draw:

Anaerobic

Aerobic

Where: Steps

3 STEPS :

step ONE: GLYCOLYSIS Overview GLYCOLYSIS (means to cut _____): # C net ATP

Mitochondria: who else divides like that? Why have a highly folded membrane?

3 Carbon Pyruvate goes from _____to ____and becomes:

STEP TWO: TCA

Now goes into a cycle (where else did we see a cycle?) This is called the ______ or _____ cycles.

Show the cycle: 2* why?

Net ATP So what is the point?

STEP THREE: ETC:

ETC: Net: H becomes two: H+ and e- why?

What pulls the H+ down the ETC?

Draw:

What does the ETC do?

What does oxidative phosphorylation do?

What is chemiosmosis? What are the four steps of the ETC?

Net ATP from 3 parts: Glycolysis Krebs ETC

Other macromolecules:

Polysaccharides :

Proteins:

Fats:

FEEDBACK:

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